



Across

- 2 A small container of radioactive material placed in or near a cancer. (7)
- 4 High-Dose Rate (3)
- 6 A particle with two protons and two neutrons. (5)
- 7 A measurement of absorbed radiation dose that is equal to 100 rads. (4)
- 9 A process used to plan radiation treatment. (10)
- 11 Lying on your stomach and facing downward. (5)
- 13 A type of therapy in which a radioactive substance is implanted into or close to the area needing treatment. (8)
- 16 An implantable pellet used in brachytherapy. (4)
- 17 _____-60. (6)
- 18 A type of radiation therapy that uses a machine located outside the body to aim high-energy rays at cancer cells. (8)
- 21 A treatment that is used in addition to the primary therapy. (8)
- 22 3D-_____. (9)

Down

- 1 The part of the total dose of radiation given in one session. (8)
- 2 Intensity-Modulated Radiation Therapy (4)
- 3 A positively charged particle used for radiation treatment. (6)
- 5 Energy carried by waves or a stream of particles. (9)
- 7 High-energy rays that come from a radioactive source such as cobalt-60. (5)
- 8 Lying on your back and facing upward. (6)
- 10 Radiation source implanted into the tissue rather than into a body cavity. (12)
- 12 A negatively charged particle used in a beam or ray. (8)
- 14 LINear ACcelerator (5)
- 15 A particle that has no mass or charge. (6)
- 16 Stereotactic Body Radiation Therapy (4)
- 19 Low-Dose Rate (3)
- 20 Radiation that can be used at low levels to diagnose disease or at high levels to treat cancer. (4)